

**Roll No.**

**SAP ID**



**UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES**  
**End Semester Examination, July 2020**  
**Open Book – Through Blackboard Learning Management System**

**Course: Information Technology Law (LLBL466)**  
**Programme: BA., LL.B. (HONS.) Energy Law**

**Semester: VIII**

**Time: 03 hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions:**

As this examination is in open-book format, the students are expected to demonstrate a very high degree of Academic Integrity and not copy contents from resources referred. Instructors would look for understanding of the concept by the students and any similarity found from resources online/ offline shall be penalized in terms of deduction of marks and even cancellation of paper in requisite cases. The online examination committee of the School would also look for similarity of two answer scripts and if answer scripts of two or more students are found similar, both the answer scripts shall be treated as copied and lead to cancellation of the paper. In view of the aforesaid points, the students are warned that they should desist from using any unfair means.

**All Questions are Compulsory**  
**Answer each question in not more than 500 words**

<b>S. No.</b>		<b>Marks</b>	<b>CO</b>
1	<p>“When Internet platforms were growing their business in the United States, they were considered supporters of free speech and were given ‘safe-harbor’ against third party content to promote innovation on the condition that they will self-regulate their platforms for illegal content”.</p> <p>What do you mean by “Intermediary”? Discuss the liabilities of intermediaries as given under the Information Technology Act, 2000.</p>	<b>20</b>	<b>CO 1</b>
Ans.			
2	<p>The free consent is considered as the main characteristics of the legitimate contract. Commonly, there may be no scope for negotiation on E-contracts,</p> <p>Evaluate the legality of E-Contracts under Information Technology Act 2000. Refer the decided case laws.</p>	<b>20</b>	<b>CO 3</b>
Ans.			
3	<p>Information Communication Technology (ICT) skills help us to communicate, run our business and stay connected with our family and friends. Hence, every person needs to acquire ICT skills and build them to stay updated with the latest software and applications (apps).</p>	<b>20</b>	<b>CO 2</b>

	Elaborate the concept of Information Communication Technology (ICT) also discuss in details any two tools that can be used as ICT.		
Ans.			
4	<p>The remarkable growth of the Internet has provided people with a platform to express their opinions, thoughts, and feelings through various forms of publications. Nonetheless, the ease of accessibility and publication in this online world has created several risks as these digital platforms are prone to be exploited by unscrupulous Internet users in the name of freedom of speech and expression.</p> <p>What forms of defamatory publications are admissible by courts in India?</p>	<b>20</b>	<b>CO 3</b>
Ans.			
5	<p>The law relating to crimes would generally require that the courts within a state would have jurisdiction to try and adjudicate upon all such offences committed by a person within the territorial boundaries of such a court. The law of jurisdiction with respect to crimes relating to computers is the same as that relating to traditional crimes.</p> <p>In the light of above statement, explain the term jurisdiction and also discuss its significance of it vis-à-vis the cyberspace.</p>	<b>20</b>	<b>CO 1</b>
Ans.			

I, ....., understand that submitting work that isn't my own may result in failure in this paper and I may also be subject to Disciplinary Proceedings as per the Academic Integrity policy of the University.