



Name:

Enrolment No:

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES

End Semester Examination, May 2022

Course : Indirect tax laws

Program: B Com (H) Tax

Course Code : FINC1017

Semester : IV

Time : 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: All questions are compulsory

SECTION A
10Q x 2M =20Marks

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q1	The GST charged on sale of goods or services to customers is a. Input tax credit. b. Output tax credit. c. Both a and b. d. None of these.	2	1
Q2	The deduction under Section 80 C can be availed upto maximum a. 1,50,000. b. 1,00,000. c. 50,000. d. None of these.	2	2
Q3	The amount paid for health insurance coverage is covered under section a. 80 D. b. 80 C. c. 10 D. d. None of these.	2	4
Q4 is a indirect tax. a. Income tax. b. Wealth tax. c. GST. d. All of the above.	2	3
Q5	The income tax is not charged on individuals when their income is up to Rs. a. 1,00,000. b. 2,00,000. c. 2,50,000. d. None of these.	2	4
Q6	Agricultural land given on rent is taxable as income from a. House property. b. Business or profession.	2	1

	c. Other sources. d. None of these.		
Q7	The amount that can be claimed under preventive health check up is Rs. a. 5,000 b. 6,000 c. 7,000 d. 8,000	2	1
Q8	When income is taxed in the previous year instead of assessment year it is called as a. Accelerated assessment. b. Normal assessment. c. Regular assessment. d. None of these.	2	2
Q9	Gift of money is exempt up to Rs. a. 50,000. b. 60,000. c. 70,000. d. None of these.	2	3
Q10	The income of previous year is always taxable in a. Assessment year. b. Calender year. c. Financial year. d. None of these.	2	2
SECTION B 4Q x 5M = 20 Marks			
Q11	Shivansh has kept his books of accounts on mixed system of accounting (mixture of both cash basis of accounting and accrual basis of accounting). The assessing officer sends a notice asking the assessee to follow either cash basis of accounting or accrual basis of a accounting. Who is correct in this case?	5	4
Q12	What are the measures which can be adopted by an assessee to reduce the burden of tax. Explain	5	3
Q13	Write short notes on a. Gift of money. b. Wealth tax	5	1
Q14	What are the conditions to be fulfilled so that there is no income tax upto Rs.5,00,000. Explain	5	1
SECTION-C 3Q x 10M = 30 Marks			
Q15	Mohan has earned an income of Rs.15,00,000 during the financial year 2021-22 and the income tax officer has demanded a tax of Rs.4,50,000 as	10	3

	his income falls in 30% tax bracket. Is he justified. If not determine the correct amount of tax payable by Mohan.		
Q16	X has incurred preliminary expenses of Rs. 50,000 in the year 2018-19 before incorporation . It claimed it as an expense in the same year itself. The assessing officer rejected the claim of assessee and added it to the taxable income. Is the treatment done by assessing officer justified.	10	2
Q17	Ram ltd. has purchased stationery worth Rs 10,000 and half of it is used for the purpose of business and remaining half is used for personal use. What is the correct treatment of this expense as per Income tax Act?	10	1
SECTION-D 2Q x 15M = 30 Marks			
Q18	Arun took a loan of Rs 28,00,000 on 1 st April 2012 and the construction was completed on 30 th sep 2018. Interest @ 5per annum. Calculate interest allowed as a deduction for the financial year 12-13. 13-14, 14 -15 and 15-16.	15	2
Q19	Manohar has mortgaged his property in bank and obtained loan against it. He has taken the deduction of home loan while filing income tax return as he is of the opinion that it is a home loan and his home documents are with bank. Is this deduction correct? If not explain the correct tax treatment.	15	4