


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UPES End Semester Examination, December 2023			
Course: Law Relating to Women and Children Semester: V Program: LL.B Course Code: CLCC3058P		Time : 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions:			
SECTION A (5Qx2M=10Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Recognize the categories of offences committed by children under Juvenile Justice Act.	2	CO1
Q 2	State the constitutional provisions that a woman can refer to when she faces discrimination in the form of unequal pay for equal work.	2	CO1
Q 3	Outline the provisions of Indian Constitution that imposes on the state the primary responsibility of ensuring basic education to all.	2	CO1
Q 4	List the eligibility criteria for a woman to avail maternity benefit under the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.	2	CO1
Q 5	Discuss when there is no deduction of wages under the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.	2	CO1
SECTION B (4Qx5M= 20 Marks)			
Q 6	Discuss the guidelines given by Supreme Court of India in Unnikrishnan case relating to fundamental right to education.	5	CO2
Q 7	Discuss the effectiveness of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition, and Redressal) Act, 2013, in a scenario where an informal sector worker faces harassment.	5	CO2
Q 8	Describe the potential gaps in Right to Education Act	5	CO2
Q 9	Describe the impact on the provisions of offence of rape due to Criminal Law Amendment Act 1983.	5	CO2
SECTION-C (2Qx10M=20 Marks)			
Q 10	Critically Analyse the legal options provided by the Law on Maternity Benefit and additional relevant laws for a woman encountering discrimination at work due to pregnancy. Deliberate on the procedural steps she should follow to pursue justice and consider the likely results of such legal proceedings.	10	CO4

Q 11	Critically evaluate the legal recourse for a woman whose complaints under the Domestic Violence Act, 2005, are ignored due to local law enforcement bias. Assess the intervention of higher judiciary and women's commissions in these circumstances.	10	CO4
SECTION-D (2Qx25M=50 Marks)			
Q 12	Interpret the application of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act, 2015, in cases where a natural disaster results in child displacement and family separation. Detail its implementation for child protection and identify any shortcomings that might impede its efficacy. OR Formulate a legal strategy to assist an underage girl seeking to annul a forced marriage and continue her education, while also addressing the wider issue of forced child marriages in her community.	25	CO5
Q 13	Critically Evaluate the progression of laws related to the protection of women from domestic violence in India. OR Child Marriage is a perennial problem in India. In light of the above statement critically examine the drawbacks of child marriage restraint act and formulate certain suggestions that could effectively be implemented in mitigating the current hurdles.	25	CO5