


Name:			
Enrolment No:			
UPES End Semester Examination, May 2024			
Course: Function of Several Variables and PDEs		Semester : IV	
Program: B. Sc. (H) Mathematics		Time : 03 hrs.	
Course Code: MATH2050		Max. Marks: 100	
Instructions: Attempt all questions from Sections A, B, and C. Questions 6 and 11 have internal choices.			
SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)			
S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Compute $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ at the point (0, 1, 2), if $z^3 + xy - y^2z = 6$.	4	CO1
Q 2	Define homogeneous function. Check whether the following function $u(x, y) = \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{xy} + \frac{\log_e x - \log_e y}{x^2}$ is homogeneous or not.	4	CO1
Q 3	Form partial differential equations by eliminating arbitrary constants a and b from the relation $z = ax + by + a^2b^2$.	4	CO2
Q 4	Classify the partial differential equation $5 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 9 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 0$.	4	CO3
Q 5	Find the solution of the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ using method of separation of variables.	4	CO4
SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q 6	Examine whether the following functions $u(x, y)$ and $v(x, y)$ are functionally dependent or not. If functionally dependent, find the relation between them. $u(x, y) = \frac{x-y}{x+y}, v(x, y) = \frac{x+y}{x}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> Show that the rectangular solid of maximum volume that can be inscribed in a given sphere is a cube.	10	CO1
Q 7	Solve the first-order partial differential equation $xy^2p + y^3q = (zxy^2 - 4x^3),$ by using Lagrange's method.	10	CO2

Q 8	Apply Charpit's method to find the complete solution of the non-linear partial differential equation $z^2 = pqxy \text{ (where } p \equiv \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \text{ and } q \equiv \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \text{.)}$	10	CO3
Q 9	Find the temperature in a laterally insulated bar of 2 cm length whose ends are kept at zero temperature and the initial temperature is $\sin \frac{\pi x}{2} + 3 \sin \frac{5\pi x}{2}$.	10	CO4
SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)			
Q 10	(i) Solve the partial differential equation $(4D^2 + 12DD' + 9D'^2)z = e^{3x-2y}, \text{ where } D \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \text{ and } D' \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial y}.$ (ii) Reduce the differential equation $3 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 10 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$ to canonical form.	10+10	CO3
Q 11	A string is stretched and fastened to two points l apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form $y = A \sin(\pi x/l)$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$. Show that the displacement of any point at a distance x from one end at time t is given by $y(x, t) = A \sin(\pi x/l) \cos(\pi ct/l).$ OR A tightly stretched string with fixed end points $x = 0$ and $x = \pi$ is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is set vibrating by giving to each of its points an initial velocity $\left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}\right)_{t=0} = 0.03 \sin x - 0.04 \sin 3x$, then find the displacement $y(x, t)$ at any point of string at any time t .	20	CO4